Name_____ No Calculators. Present neatly. Score___

1. Find the transition points, intervals of increase/decrease, concavity, and asymptotic behavior. Then sketch the graph, with this information indicated.

 $y = x - 2\ln x$

2.

Sketch the graph of $f(x) = 18(x-3)(x-1)^{\frac{2}{3}}$ using the formulas:

$$f'(x) = \frac{30(x-\frac{9}{5})}{(x-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \qquad f''(x) = \frac{20(x-\frac{3}{5})}{(x-1)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

3. Briefly define each term/concept/theorem:

a) stationary point

- b) inflection point
- c) first derivative test
- d) global maximum
- e) Extreme Value Theorem

Your work:

Name_____ No Calculators. Present neatly. Score____

1. Find the transition points, intervals of increase/decrease, concavity, and asymptotic behavior. Then sketch the graph, with this information indicated.

$$y = x(4 - x) - 3\ln x$$

2. Sketch the graph of
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$$
 using the formulas:

$$f'(x) = \frac{1 - x^2}{(1 + x^2)^2} \qquad f''(x) = \frac{2x(x^2 - 3)}{(x^2 + 1)^3}$$

- 3. Briefly define each term/concept/theorem:
- a) critical point
- b) inflection point

c) second derivative test

d) relative minimum

e) Extreme Value Theorem

Your work: