

Present neatly on separate paper. Justify for full credit. No Calculators.

Name KEY / SHUBLEKA Score _____ ~10 minutes

1. Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}$. Use the definition of slope to determine the equation of the tangent line at the point on the curve where $x=9$. [8 points]

2. Writing: Briefly discuss how the tangent line to the graph of a function $y=f(x)$ at a point $P(x_0, f(x_0))$ is defined in terms of secant lines to the graph through point P . [2 points]

① $f(x) = \frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}$ $f(9) = \frac{9}{\sqrt{9}} = 3$ $P(9, 3)$

$$m = \text{slope} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(9+h) - f(9)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{9}{\sqrt{9}}}{h}$$

$$= 9 \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} = 9 \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{9+h}}{h \sqrt{9} \sqrt{9+h}}$$

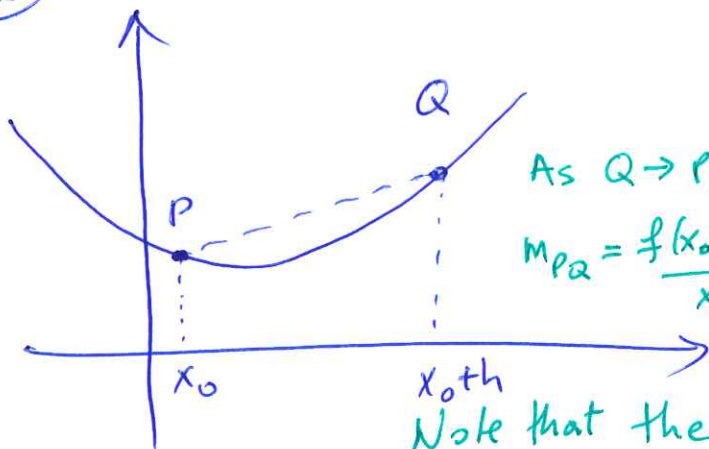
$$= 9 \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{9+h}) (\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{9+h})}{3h \sqrt{9+h} (\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{9+h})} =$$

$$= \frac{9}{3} \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{9 - (9+h)}{h \sqrt{9+h} (\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{9+h})} = 3 \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h \sqrt{9+h} (3 + \sqrt{9+h})}$$

$$= 3 \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{9+h} (3 + \sqrt{9+h})} = \frac{3(-1)}{3(3+3)} = \frac{-1}{6}$$

Point: $(9, 3)$ Slope: $-\frac{1}{6}$ Equation: $y - 3 = -\frac{1}{6}(x - 9)$
 or ~~$y - 3 = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{3}{2}$~~
 ~~$y - 3 = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{3}{2} + 3$~~

②



As $Q \rightarrow P$,
 $m_{PQ} = \frac{f(x_0+h) - f(x_0)}{x_0+h - x_0}$ approaches

the true slope at P .

Note that the slopes of the secant lines are approximations of the true

$$y = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{3}{2} + 3$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{9}{2}}$$