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Mathematica Labs | Denis Shubleka
Subject: Calculus
Topic: Integrals
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Task 1

Goal: Use Mathematica to find antiderivatives (i.e. indefinite integrals).

Find the indefinite integral symbol in the Basic Math Assistant palette (Advanced tab), and try a few examples: $\int (x^{81} + \cos[x]) dx$ $\int \sqrt{x+2} dx$ $\int Sec[x] dx$

Task 2

Goal: Use Mathematica to compute definite integrals.

Find the definite integral symbol in the Basic Math Assistant palette (Advanced tab), and try a few examples:

$$\int_{1}^{4} (x^{2} + \log[x]) dx$$
$$\int_{-1}^{2} e^{t} dt$$
$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\cos[x] - \sin[x]) dx$$

We can plot and shade the signed area that represents the last example above:

 $Plot\left[Cos[x] - Sin[x], \left\{x, \frac{-\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right\}, Filling \rightarrow Axis\right]$

Is the signed area positive or negative? Does this match with Mathematica's numerical

computation of the definite integral? Explain.

Related Exercises/Notes:

ap-calc.github.io