#### Name:

### Math Teacher Last Year: AP Calculus Summer Review

This packet is a review of the entering objectives for AP Calculus and is due the day of your first math class of the year. Have a great summer.

I. Simplify. Show the work that leads to your answer.

1. 
$$\frac{3x^2 + 10x + 8}{6x^2 + 17x + 10}$$
 2.  $\frac{x^3 - 8}{x - 2}$ 

3. 
$$\frac{5-x}{x^2-25}$$
 4.  $\frac{2x^2+x-12}{x^2-16}$ 

**II.** Fill in the blanks with the following identities.

1. Pythagorean:		
2. Double Angles: $\cos 2x =$	$\sin 2x =$	
$\cos 2x =$		
$\cos 2x =$	$\tan 2x =$	

**III.** Simplify each expression.

1. 
$$\frac{1}{x+h} - \frac{1}{x}$$
2. 
$$\frac{\left(\frac{2}{x^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{10}{x^5}\right)}$$

3. 
$$\frac{\frac{1}{3+x}-\frac{1}{3}}{x}$$
  
4.  $\frac{2x}{x^2-6x+9}-\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{8}{x^2-2x-3}$ 

**IV.** Solve each equation below for z.

1. 
$$4x + 10yz = 0$$
  
2.  $y^2 + 3yz - 8z - 4x = 0$ 

- V. If  $f(x) = \{(3,5), (2,4), (1,7)\}$   $g(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$   $h(x) = \{(3,2), (4,3), (1,6)\}$   $k(x) = x^2 + 5$  determine each of the following:
- 1. (f + h)(1) 2. (k g)(5)

3. 
$$(f \circ h)(3)$$
 4.  $(g \circ k)(7)$ 

5. 
$$f^{-1}(x)$$
 6.  $k^{-1}(x)$ 

7. 
$$\frac{1}{f(x)}$$
 8.  $(kg)(x)$ 

VI. Miscellaneous: Follow the directions for each problem.. 1. Evaluate  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  and simplify if  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$ 

2. Expand  $(x + y)^3$ 

3. Simplify: 
$$x^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(x+x^{\frac{5}{2}}-x^2\right)$$

4. Eliminate the parameter, t, and write a rectangular equation for  $x = t^2 + 3$ y = 2t

**VII.** Expand and simplify.

1. 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{4} \frac{n^2}{2}$$
 2.  $\sum_{n=1}^{3} \frac{1}{n!}$ 

### VIII. Simplify

1.  $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}$ 3.  $e^{1+\ln x}$ 5.  $\ln e^7$ 7.  $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 8$ 2.  $e^{\ln 3}$ 4.  $\ln 1$ 6.  $\log_3(\frac{1}{3})$ 8.  $\ln(\frac{1}{2})$ 

9. 
$$e^{3\ln x}$$
  
10.  $\frac{4xy^{-2}}{12x^{-\frac{1}{3}}y^{-5}}$   
11.  $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$   
12.  $\left(5a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)\left(4a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)$   
13.  $\left(4a^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$   
14.  $\frac{3(n+1)!}{5n!}$ 

**IX.** Using the point slope form  $[y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)]$ , write an equation for the line 1. with slope -2, containing the point (3,4)

2. containing the points (1, -3) and (-5, 2)

3. with slope 0, containing the point (4,2)

4. perpendicular to the line in problem #1, containing the point (3, 4)

**X.** Given the vectors  $\vec{a} = -2\vec{i} + 5\vec{j}$  and  $\vec{b} = 3\vec{i} + 4\vec{j}$ , determine

1. 
$$\frac{1}{2}\overline{a}$$
 2.  $\overline{b}-\overline{a}$ 

3. 
$$\left| \vec{b} \right|$$
 4.  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$ 

 ${\bf XI.}\,$  Without a calculator, determine the exact value of each expression.

1. 
$$\sin 0$$
  
2.  $\sin \frac{\pi}{2}$   
3.  $\sin \frac{7\pi}{4}$   
4.  $\cos \pi$   
5.  $\cos \frac{7\pi}{6}$   
6.  $\cos \frac{\pi}{3}$   
7.  $\tan \frac{5\pi}{4}$   
8.  $\tan \frac{\pi}{6}$   
9.  $\tan \frac{2\pi}{3}$   
10.  $Sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$   
11.  $Cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$   
12.  $Arc \tan(-1)$   
13.  $\cos\left(Sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$   
14.  $Cos^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right)$   
15.  $\sin\left(Arc \tan\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)\right)$ 

**XII**. For each function, determine its domain and range.

$1.  f(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$	$2.  g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 4}$
Domain:	Domain:
Range:	Range:
$3. h(x) = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$	$4.  k(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 44}$
Domain:	Domain:
Range:	Range:

XIII. Determine the coordinates of all points of intersection of:

1.  $y = x^2 + 3x - 4$  and y = 5x + 112.  $y = \cos x$  and  $y = \sin x$  in the first quadrant.

**XIV.** Solve all the equations below for x, where x is a real number.

1. 
$$x^2 + 3x - 4 = 14$$
  
2.  $\frac{x^4 - 1}{x^3} = 0$ 

3. 
$$(x-5)^2 - 9 = 0$$
  
4.  $2x^2 + 5x = 8$ 

5. 
$$x^2 - 2x - 15 < 0$$
  
6.  $\frac{x - 3}{x - 1} \le \frac{4}{x + 8}$ 

7.  $12x^2 = 3x$ 8.  $\sin 2x = \cos x$ 

9. 
$$|x-3| < 7$$
  
10.  $(x+1)^2(x-2) + (x+1)(x-2)^2 = 0$ 

11.  $27^{2x} = 9^{x-3}$ 12.  $\log x + \log(x-3) = 1$  **XV.** Graph each equation. Give its domain and range. Scale all graphs by one unless a scale is provided.

1.  $y = \sin x$ Domain: \_\_\_\_\_ 2.  $y = \csc x$ Domain:

Range: \_\_\_\_\_



Kange:				
		3		
		2•		
		1•		
-2π	-π		π	2π
<u>-2</u> π	-π -π	-1•	7	2π
-2 <i>π</i>	-π	-2•		2π
		-1• -2• -3•		

# 3. $y = \cos x$

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_



Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range:



## Range: \_\_\_\_\_



5.  $y = \tan x$ Domain: \_\_\_\_\_ 6.  $y = \cot x$ 

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_ 4 3-2. 1 -2π π  $\pi$ 2π -1--2--3-



## 7. $y = \sqrt{x}$ Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

8. 
$$y = \sqrt[3]{x}$$
  
Domain: \_\_\_\_\_



### Range:



9. y = |x+3| - 2

Domain:

10.  $y = e^x$ 

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_



Range: \_\_\_\_\_

11.  $y = \ln x$ Domain: \_\_\_\_\_



12. 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$
  
Domain:

Range:



13. 
$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

14. 
$$y = \begin{cases} x^2 & x < 0 \\ x + 2 & 0 \le x \le 3 \\ 4 & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

Domain:

Range:

Range: \_\_\_\_\_



Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

**XVI.** Decompose into partial fractions.

1. 
$$\frac{4x+34}{x^2-5x-24}$$

2. 
$$\frac{5x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 55}{x^4 + 5x^3 + 11x^2}$$

**XVII.** Solve for x and y in the triangles below.



**XVIII.** Find the area of the figures below.



**XIX.** Find the volume of the solids below.





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